

Contact ILC FRANCE

13 passage Dauphine 75006 PARIS
2 01 44 41 80 20

■ 01 44 41 80 20

info@ilcfrance.com

www.ilcfrance.com

Official Use



Application received on



Centre d'Examen N° FR550

Interview	□ no	Comments	
Interviewer			
Date of Interview			
CAMBRIDGE CELTA COL	JRSE AP	PLICATION FORM	
4-week intensive course □ 02 to 27 March 2020 □ 08 June to 3rd July 2020 □ 06 to 31 July 2020 □ 03 to 28 August 2020 □ 31 August to 25 September 2020 □ 05 to 30 October 2020	□ 30 Mar □ 14 Sep □ 04 Jan □ 05 Apri	extensive Online Blended course rch 2020 to 27 June 2020 otember 2020 to 11 December 2020 uary 2021 to 02 April 2021 il 2021 to 03 July 2021 vember 2021 to 18 February 2022	PHOTOGRAPH ESSENTIAL
Surname			
First Names (underline name used) Date and Place of Birth Nationality Current Address	:		
Telephone Number			
Email address	:		
Permanent Address (if different)			
Telephone Number	:		
Pole Emploi ID Number (only if applying for external funding)			

Languages: (please indicate <u>all</u> languages spoken, level of fluency and any exams / certifications taken with grades & dates)				
Educational qualifications & Institutions:				
		Employment History		
Employer		Dates	Positio	n held
lists in at-				
Interests				
Please explain your motivation for	r doing th	e CELTA course.		
Please describe some of your view	ws on Eng	ılish Language Teachi	ing (ELT)	
How did you hear about the cours	e at ILC F	rance?		
•				

PRE-INTERVIEW TASK

The object of this task is to help you start thinking about language from a learner's point of view, and to begin to consider approachesthat may be used in the classroom.

Please complete all the tasks on the next pages. Some of these questions will be discussed with you in more depth during the interview.

PLEASE WRITE YOUR ANSWERS IN THE SPACES PROVIDED

PART 1 - LANGUAGE

SECTION A: Grammar

In the following sentences:

- 1. Correct the error if you think there is one
- 2. Name the tense of the verb if you can
- 3. Comment briefly on the meaning of the tense

Example: I read a book at the moment.

- 1. I'm reading a book at the moment
- 2. Present Continuous / Progressive
- 3. Used here to express the idea of an action taking place at the moment of speaking.

 She is getting up at six o'clock every d
--

1.	
2.	
3.	
2. I	've been to Italy two years ago
1.	
2.	
3.	
3. <i>I</i>	A. Can you come for a drink tonight? 3: Sorry, I'll go to see 'Hamlet' at the National Theatre.
E	A. Can you come for a drink tonight? 3: Sorry, I'll go to see 'Hamlet' at the National Theatre.
	A. Can you come for a drink tonight? 3: Sorry, I'll go to see 'Hamlet' at the National Theatre.
1.	3: Sorry, I'll go to see 'Hamlet' at the National Theatre.
1. 2. 3.	A. Can you come for a drink tonight? 3: Sorry, I'll go to see 'Hamlet' at the National Theatre. When I got to the station, I realised I left the tickets at home.
1. 2. 3.	3: Sorry, I'll go to see 'Hamlet' at the National Theatre.

	to Bermuda. to Bermuda.	
SECTION	D. Va sahulam	
	B: Vocabulary mers often confuse words. Explain the difference between the following words.	
	He robbed the bank.	
<u> </u>	He stole the money.	
return it. 'Ro	s taking something from someone without permission. If you steal an object you do not i b' means stealing from someone or somewhere. If you rob a bank, you steal money fron ı rob a person, you steal something from that person. Stealing and robbing are illegal ac	n tha
1. Borrow	rs lend	
2. Thin vs	kinny	
3. Win vs bo	eat <u>eat</u>	

SECTION C: Use of language (Part I)

Read this text. Make any corrections you feel are necessary.

Many english speaking people is intresting in doing a course like that and say afterwards

that if they had had to do the course again then they would of approached it different. The

first thing they all say that it is important to have not too many other thing's going on in

your life at the same time, it is impossible to do a fulltime job and to follow the intensive

CELTA course. Many persons say after the interview they would of studied there grammer

more before if they would ever of known.

What the course tries promote is the principal of a more comunicative way. What is that

means we try helping the student's to learn about the language by making them to use it

comunicatively in situations were there are some kind of similarity to real life and learn

about pronounciation to.

A main comment is that there definately is quiet alot of work to do out side of the course

timetable, and most people agreed on however was that the course gave them many

experiences.

SECTION C: Use of language (Part II)

Describe your views on what constitutes good teaching practice. Give examples from your own experience as a learner and/or teacher. (500 words. Continue on a separate sheet if necessary).

SECTION D: Language in context

Look at the exchange below and the labels on the right.

A: Would you like to come to the cinema tonight? INVITING

B: Yes, I'd love to. ACCEPTING AN INVITATION

We call these labels (i.e. 'Inviting', 'accepting an invitation') FUNCTIONS. It is simply a way of categorising the speaker's intention. Look at the short dialogue below and label the function of each utterance. Put your answers in the spaces on the right.

A. Hey, Bob!	ATTRACTING ATTENTION
B. Yeah?	
A. Give me a hand with the suitcase, will you?	
B. Sorry, but Jenny's waiting for me.	
A. OK. Never mind.	

The dialogue is clearly a very informal one between two speakers who know each other. Write a similar dialogue in the space below on $\underline{\text{the same topic}}$ - using $\underline{\text{the same functions}}$ - between two people who don't know each other.

A.	ATTRACTING ATTENTION
В.	
A.	
В.	
A.	

PART 2 - PRONUNCIATION

Underline the stressed syllable in the words below.

Example: hospital understand

1. allow 2. prediction 3. controversial 4. prefer 5. preference

6. photograph 7. photographic 8. photographer 9. record (noun) 10. record (verb)

PART 3 - APPROACHES TO TEACHING AND LEARNING

Answer **briefly** please.

which was not. List t unsuccessful.	ne tinee main lact	ors in cash case	, winch made the c	Aperience succ	
like a coffee?') to a g	group of <u>beginners</u>	? Describe the	different steps you	would use to h	ould :
like a coffee?') to a g	group of <u>beginners</u>	? Describe the	different steps you	would use to h	ould :
like a coffee?') to a g	group of <u>beginners</u>	? Describe the	different steps you	would use to h	ould :
like a coffee?') to a g	group of <u>beginners</u>	? Describe the	different steps you	would use to h	ould the
like a coffee?') to a g	group of <u>beginners</u>	? Describe the	different steps you	would use to h	ould to
like a coffee?') to a g	group of <u>beginners</u>	? Describe the	different steps you	would use to h	ould nelp y
<u>How</u> would you try to like a coffee?') to a g learners understand	group of <u>beginners</u>	? Describe the	different steps you	would use to h	ould nelp y

We hope that having done this task you have a clearer idea of the three key factors involved in being an

✓ the successful management of people.

interview.

effective language teacher:

- ✓ a clear understanding of the language you are teaching.
 ✓ the ability to put this understanding to practical use in the classroom.